#### Battles over pure water or OIL?

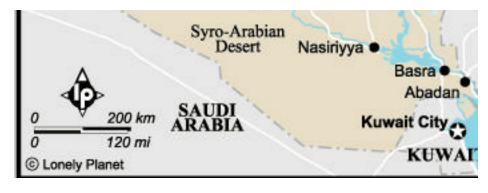
One substance with hydrate your body, the other will dehydrate (a laxative)

uphrates River

igris River



Who has the ultimate control of these waterways?



# Sparklettes Water

Dr. Gergens - SD Mesa College

The Crystal-Fresh® Drinking Water ingredient label says the following:

"Drawn from our deep <u>protected</u> wells in Santa Ana, CA. Purified using our Crystal-Fresh process, including filtration, ozonation, reverse osmosis, and/or dionization. Contains purified water and specially selected minerals in <u>nutritionally insignificant amounts</u> for great taste (sodium bicarbonate, magnesium chloride, calcium chloride and sodium sulfate).

# Sparklettes Water

Dr. Gergens - SD Mesa College

Lets learn to write the correct formulas for these substances (sodium bicarbonate, magnesium chloride, calcium chloride and sodium sulfate) that Sparkletts <sup>®</sup> adds to it's purified water In "nutritionally insignificant amounts for great taste."

Sparklettes Water Nomenclature Exercise: "Nutritionally insignificant amounts of these compounds added for good taste."

Dr. Gergens - SD Mesa College

Supplemental packet pa

- 1. Write the name each cation and each anion (e.g., Na<sup>+</sup> is sodium ion; Cl <sup>-</sup> is chloride ion)
- 2. Say and write the name of the ionic salt compound by combining each cation with each anion in the table (e.g., sodium chloride)
- 3. Complete the table by writing in the ionic salt compound formula in each cell of the table (e.g., NaCl).
- 4. When writing a formula a cation and anion must combine in an appropriate ration to balance charge; see examples on back

<u> </u>			
cations (name these ions)	CĪ	$SO_4^{2-}$	нсс
	chloride ion	sulfate ion	hydrogen carbonate ion
Na <sup>+</sup>	NaCl	$Na_2SO_4$	NaHCO <sub>3</sub>
sodium ion	sodium chloride	sodium sulfate	sodium hydrogen carbonate
Mg <sup>2+</sup> magnesium ion	$MgCl_2$	$MgSO_4$	$Mg (HCO_3)_2$
	magnesium chloride	magnesium sulfate	magnesium hydrogen carbonate
Ca <sup>2+</sup> calcium ion	CaCl <sub>2</sub>	$CaSO_4$	Ca(HCO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>2</sub>
	calcium chloride	calcium sulfate	calcium hydrogen carbonate

- 5. Predict the transition metal cation charge for iron, Fe, in the ionic salt  $Fe_2(SO_4)_3$ , and place it in the cation box below.
- 6. Give a name for Fe 2(SO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>3</sub>. Since transition metals can variable charge, you must some how indicate metal cation charge in its name.
- 7. Write additional formulas for the cation Fe<sup>3+</sup> combined with the anions Cl<sup>-</sup> and HCO<sub>3</sub><sup>-</sup> and give their compound names.

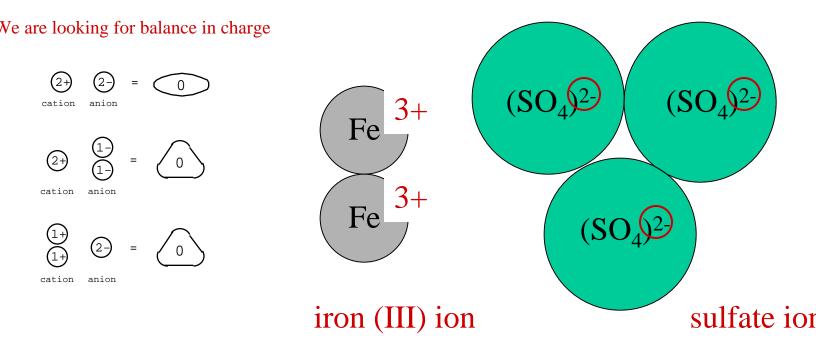
cation iron (III) ion	FeCl <sub>3</sub>	Fe <sub>2</sub> (SO <sub>4</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>	Fe(HCO <sub>3</sub> ) <sub>3</sub>
Thom (III) Ion	iron (III) chloride	iron (III) sulfate	iron (III) hydrogen carbonate

Acids. In general, a substance that has an 'H' listed first in its formula is referred to as an <u>acid</u>. Name the acid but place a prefix in its name di = 2, tri = 3, tetra = 4, penta = 5, hexa = 6, hepta = 7, octa = 8, nona = 9, deca = 10 to indicate the number of hydrogens in the formula.

	anions			
cations	CĪ	SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	нсс	
114	HCl HCl	$H_2SO_4$	$H_2CO_3$	
hydrogen ion	hydrogen chloride	hydrogen chloride	dihydrogen carbonate	
give a common name and use for	hydrochloric acid	sulfuric acid	carbonic acid	
each acid	stomach acid	car battery acid	carbonated water	

#### Calculation of Oxidation State





total charge of positive 6 total charge of negative 6

at must be the charge over the two iron ions to balance sulfate ion charges? ratio of 2 Fe  $^{3+}$ : 3 (SO<sub>4</sub>)  $^{2-}$ 

Charge Balance: two iron(III) ions for every three sulfate ions

### tutorial

 $http://homework.sdmesa.edu/\underline{dgergens}/chem100/nomenclature/naming\_practice.htm$