

Prep for Test 1 - mostly 2.1-2.7

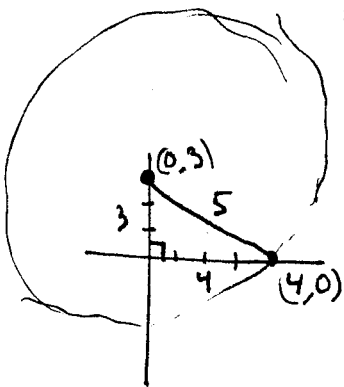
2.1: Distance formula (and midpoint)

2.2: Center-Radius form of the Equation of a Circle

$$(x-h)^2 + (y-k)^2 = r^2$$

example: $(x-5)^2 + (y+1)^2 = 10$ Find the center and radius.

center = $(5, -1)$ radius = $\sqrt{10}$

(eqn $\rightarrow$ graph)

ex (graph to eqn): center = $(0, 3)$, circle passes through $(4, 0)$

Find the equation.

$$x^2 + (y-3)^2 = r^2 \quad \text{and } (x, y) = (4, 0) \text{ satisfies the equation}$$

$$4^2 + (0-3)^2 = r^2 \text{ is true, so } r^2 = 25$$

answer: $x^2 + (y-3)^2 = 25$

ex (general form $\rightarrow$ center-radius form)

$$x^2 + y^2 + 8x - 6y + 16 = 0$$

$$x^2 + 8x + 16 + y^2 - 6y + 9 = -16 + 16 + 9$$

$$(x+4)^2 + (y-3)^2 = 9 \quad \begin{cases} \text{center} = (-4, 3) \\ \text{radius} = 3 \end{cases}$$

2.3 Functions ex: $f(x) = \sqrt{x-4}$ domain = $\{x \mid x-4 \geq 0\}$
 $= \{x \mid x \geq 4\}$
 $= [4, \infty)$

$$f(x) = \frac{x-2}{x^2-8x+15}$$

$$= \frac{x-2}{(x-3)(x-5)}$$

domain = all real numbers
except 3 and 5

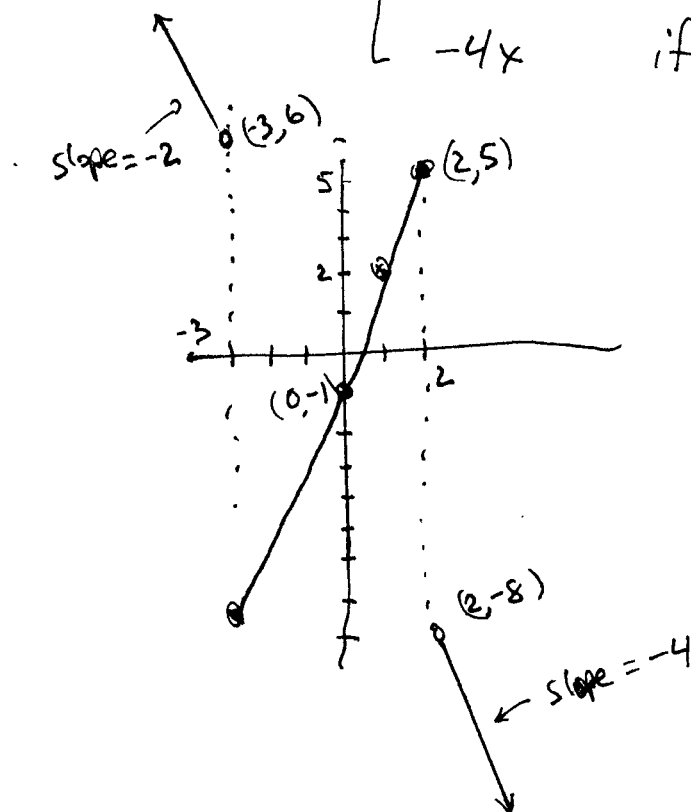
2.4 and 2.5 Linear functions and equations of lines.

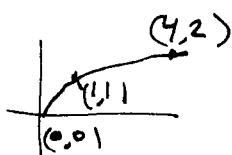
ex: Find the slope-intercept form of line through $(5, -3)$ and $(1, -7)$.

ex: [Ditto] .. through $(3, -2)$ parallel to $2x - y = 5$.

2.6 Graphs of piecewise defined functions

$$28) f(x) = \begin{cases} -2x & \text{if } x < -3 \\ 3x - 1 & \text{if } -3 \leq x \leq 2 \\ -4x & \text{if } x > 2 \end{cases}$$



2.7 Given the graph $y = \sqrt{x}$ looks like 

what is the equation of this graph?

Answer: $y = \sqrt{x+4} - 1$

